



SYSTEMIC SCLEROSIS:
A disease with multiple and variable types of clinical involvements

The slide illustrates the multi-systemic nature of systemic sclerosis. The central diagram shows internal organ involvement in the lungs, heart, kidneys, and gut. The surrounding images demonstrate various clinical manifestations, including skin changes such as Raynaud's phenomenon (discoloration of fingers), sclerodactyly (thickening and tightening of the skin on the fingers), and skin ulcers. The microscopic image shows characteristic thickening of the extracellular matrix, and the vessel image shows intimal hyperplasia and fibrosis of the vessel wall.

